ATIVEAPLAN



OVERVIEW

What is a native plant? A native plant is a plant that is part of the balance of nature that has developed over hundreds or thousands of years in a particular region or ecosystem.

Why go native? Choosing to plant native plants in your yard is beneficial to you and the environment! Native plants help filter out sediments and pollution before water reaches the lakes and streams. Wildlife depend on native plants for food, shelter and habitat.

Native plants can help reduce flooding! Wellestablished native plants hold the soil in place with their roots and slows water runoff.



EXAMPLES

TREES:

- Western Hemlock
- Western Red Cedar
- Ponderosa Pine
- Pacific Yew
- Douglas-Fir
- Sitka Spruce
- Red Alder
- Vine Maple

PLANTS & SHRUBS:

- Blueblossom
- Redtwig Dogwood
- Western Sword Fern
- Oregon Grapeholly
- Evergreen Huckleberry
- Coast Silktassel
- Broadleaf Stonecrop
- Tufted Hairgrass

FLOWERS:

- Pacific Trillium (BLOOM IN THE SPRING)
- Pacific Coast Iris (BLOOM LATE WINTER TO SPRING)
- Goatsbeard (BLOOM IN THE EARLY SUMMER)
- Camassia (BLOOM IN THE LATE SPRING)
- Broadleaf Sedum (GROUNDCOVER)
- Lewisia (BLOOM IN THE SPRING AND SUMMER)

RESOURCES

King County Native Plant Guide

Washington Native Plant Society

Native Plants for Wildlife

Native Plant Nurseries in Washington State

USDA National Plant Database

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